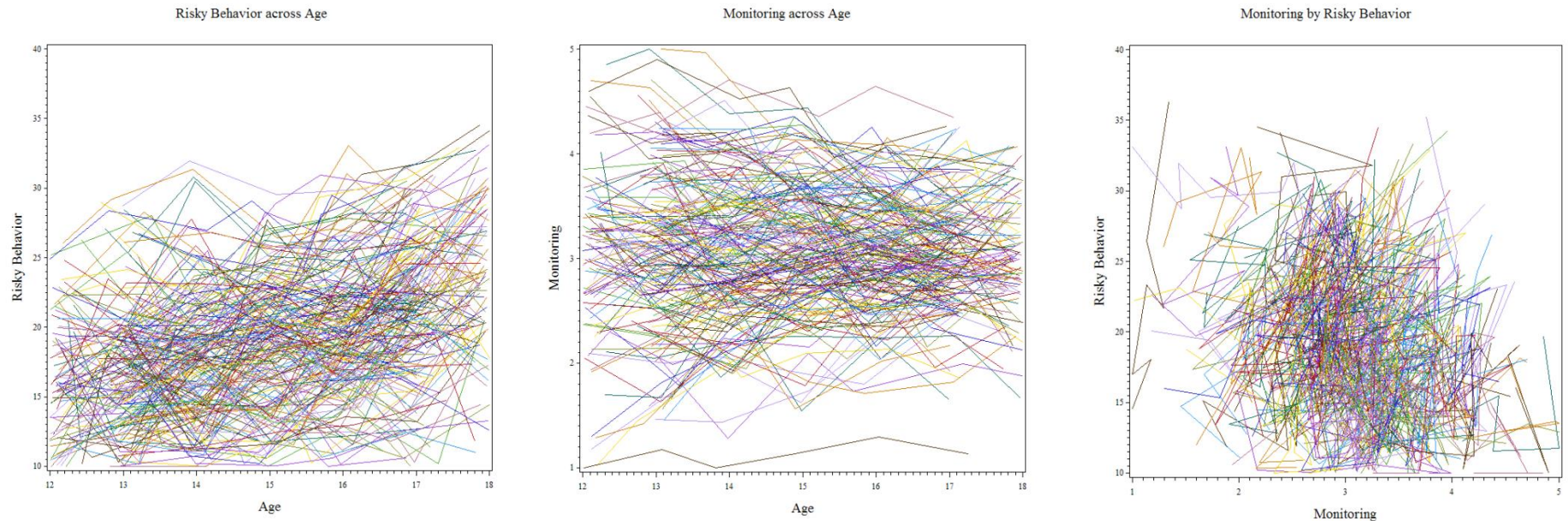


Example 3: Three Ways of Estimating Multivariate Change in Multivariate MLM (“Multilevel SEM”) and Single-Level SEM in Mplus v. 8.1+ (complete syntax and output available electronically)

These simulated data are from Hoffman (2015) chapter 9 and include 200 girls measured approximately annually from ages 12–18 (time 0 = age 18) on their risky behavior (the outcome, a sum ranging from 10 to 50) and the extent to which their mothers monitored their activities (the time-varying predictor, a mean ranging from 1 to 5, centered at 3). A time-invariant predictor of the conservativeness of mothers’ attitudes about the smoking and drinking (a mean ranging from 1 to 5, centered at 4) was also collected at the age 12 occasion. Here are the individual growth trajectories for risky behavior and monitoring:



Level 1 :

Multivariate Multilevel Model 1

$$y_{tid} = dvR \left[\beta_{0iR} + \beta_{1iR} (Age_{tiR} - 18) + \beta_{2iR} (Age_{tiR} - 18)^2 + e_{tiR} \right] + dvM \left[\beta_{0iM} + \beta_{1iM} (Age_{tiM} - 18) + e_{tiM} \right]$$

Level 2 :

Risky Intercept: $\beta_{0iR} = \gamma_{00R} + \gamma_{01R} (Attitudes12_i - 4) + U_{0iR}$

Risky Age: $\beta_{1iR} = \gamma_{10R} + \gamma_{11R} (Attitudes12_i - 4) + U_{1iR}$

Risky Age²: $\beta_{2iR} = \gamma_{20R}$

Monitor Intercept: $\beta_{0iM} = \gamma_{00M} + \gamma_{01M} (Attitudes12_i - 4) + U_{0iM}$

Monitor Age: $\beta_{1iM} = \gamma_{10M} + \gamma_{11M} (Attitudes12_i - 4) + U_{1iM}$

The best-fitting unconditional longitudinal models included fixed quadratic and random linear effects of age for risky behavior, but a random linear effect of age for monitoring (although the fixed linear age slope was nonsignificant). In addition, mother’s attitudes significantly predicted the intercept and linear age slope for risky behavior. Although they did not significantly predict monitoring, I have added them here to illustrate how to compute indirect effects.

Chapter 9 began with person-mean-centering and baseline-centering of monitoring as a time-varying predictor of risky behavior. Both were shown to be inadequate because they do not properly distinguish the intercept, linear age slope, and residual variance contained in the monitoring predictor, each of which could potentially relate to those of risky behavior. So the purpose of this example is to demonstrate alternative software methods of estimating models of multivariate change so that you can decide what approach (software and syntax combination) will be most optimal for your own data. See chapter 9 for the results from a directed path model very similar to 2c.

In Mplus, the same Model 1 as an undirected multivariate MLM:

```

TITLE: Model 1: Undirected Multivariate Growth Model as MLM
DATA: FILE = Example3.csv; ! Syntax in same folder as data
VARIABLE:
! List of variables in data file
  NAMES = PersonID Att12 occasion age risky mon roundage
         time att4 timesq mon3;
! Variables to be analyzed in this model
  USEVARIABLE = time timesq att4 risky mon3;
  MISSING ARE ALL (-999); ! Missing data identifier
! MLM options
  CLUSTER = PersonID; ! Level-2 ID
  BETWEEN = att4; ! Observed ONLY level-2 predictors
  WITHIN = time timesq; ! Observed ONLY level-1 predictors

ANALYSIS: TYPE = TWOLEVEL RANDOM; ESTIMATOR = ML;

MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring
%WITHIN%
  risky mon3 (Rresvar Mresvar); ! L1 R: Residual variances (labels)
  Rlin | risky ON time; ! Placeholder for R linear age slope
  Rquad | risky ON timesq; ! Placeholder for R quadratic age slope
  Mlin | mon3 ON time; ! Placeholder for M linear age slope
  risky WITH mon3 (ResCov); ! L1 R: Residual covariance

%BETWEEN%
[risky mon3 Rlin Rquad Mlin]; ! Fixed intercepts, slopes
  risky mon3 (Rintvar Mintvar); ! L2 G: Random intercept variances (labels)
  Rlin Mlin (Rlinvar Mlinvar); ! L2 G: Random linear age slope variances
  Rquad@0; ! No quadratic age slope variance

  risky Rlin ON att4; ! Att-> R int, linear age slope
  mon3 Mlin ON att4; ! Att-> M int, linear age slope
  risky WITH Rlin (RIntLin); ! R Int-slope covariance (label)
  mon3 WITH Mlin (MIntLin); ! M Int-slope covariance (label)

  risky WITH mon3 (IntCov); ! L2 G: Random intercept covariance
  Rlin WITH Mlin (LinCov); ! L2 G: Random linear age slope covariance
  mon3 WITH Rlin (Int2Lin); ! L2 G: M int, R slope covariance
  Mlin WITH risky (Lin2Int); ! L2 G: M slope, R int covariance

MODEL CONSTRAINT: ! Linear combinations of any parameter
! First need to name each new combination
NEW(ResCor IntCor LinCor RIScor MIScor I2SCor S2ICor);

! Estimating correlations found in SAS RCORR and GCORR
! Corr = Cov / (SQRT(Yvar)*SQRT(Xvar))
  ResCor = ResCov / (SQRT(Rresvar)*SQRT(Mresvar));
  IntCor = IntCov / (SQRT(Rintvar)*SQRT(Mintvar));
  LinCor = LinCov / (SQRT(Rlinvar)*SQRT(Mlinvar));
  RIScor = RIntLin / (SQRT(Rintvar)*SQRT(Rlinvar));
  MIScor = MIntLin / (SQRT(Mintvar)*SQRT(Mlinvar));
  I2Scor = Int2Lin / (SQRT(Mintvar)*SQRT(Rlinvar));
  S2Icor = Lin2Int / (SQRT(Mlinvar)*SQRT(Rintvar));

```

Number of Free Parameters		22			
Loglikelihood		H0 Value			
		-4391.884			
Information Criteria		Akaike (AIC)			
		8827.768			
		Bayesian (BIC)			
		8943.141			
		Sample-Size Adjusted BIC			
		8873.255			
		(n* = (n + 2) / 24)			
		Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	Two-Tailed P-Value
Within Level					
RISKY	WITH				
MON3		0.287	0.028	10.441	0.000
Residual Variances					
RISKY		8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
MON3		0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
Between Level					
RLIN	ON				
ATT4		-0.518	0.104	-4.963	0.000
MLIN	ON				
ATT4		0.003	0.014	0.240	0.810
RISKY	ON				
ATT4		-3.160	0.551	-5.737	0.000
MON3	ON				
ATT4		-0.044	0.057	-0.779	0.436
RISKY	WITH				
RLIN		1.878	0.356	5.273	0.000
MLIN		0.040	0.039	1.044	0.296
MON3	WITH				
MLIN		0.000	0.004	-0.105	0.916
RLIN		-0.106	0.031	-3.449	0.001
RLIN	WITH				
MLIN		-0.018	0.007	-2.478	0.013
RISKY	WITH				
MON3		-0.853	0.168	-5.076	0.000
Means					
RQUAD		0.147	0.021	7.117	0.000
Intercepts					
RISKY		23.322	0.348	67.075	0.000
MON3		0.063	0.034	1.839	0.066
RLIN		1.975	0.138	14.259	0.000
MLIN		-0.003	0.008	-0.380	0.704
Variances					
RQUAD		0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
Residual Variances					
RISKY		18.049	2.202	8.198	0.000
MON3		0.195	0.023	8.371	0.000
RLIN		0.484	0.080	6.071	0.000
MLIN		0.010	0.001	7.802	0.000
New/Additional Parameters					
RESCOR		0.350	0.028	12.607	0.000
INTCOR		-0.455	0.074	-6.119	0.000
LINCOR		-0.255	0.103	-2.483	0.013
RISCOR		0.635	0.057	11.088	0.000
MISCOR		-0.009	0.089	-0.105	0.917
I2SCOR		-0.346	0.095	-3.646	0.000
S2ICOR		0.093	0.087	1.066	0.286

In Mplus, the same Model 1 as an undirected single-level SEM:

```

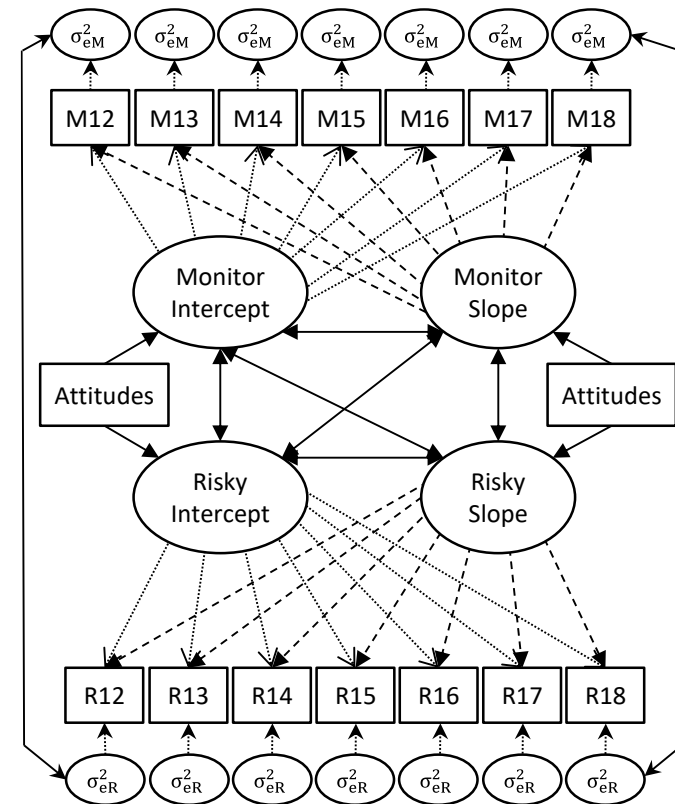
TITLE: Model 1: Undirected Multivariate Growth Model as Single-Level SEM
DATA: FILE = Example3.csv; ! Syntax in same folder as data
! Unstacking to multivariate format
DATA LONGTOWIDE:
! Names of old stacked former variables (without numbers)
LONG = risky|mon3|time;
! Names of new multivariate variables (that use numbers)
WIDE = risky12-risky18|mon12-mon18|age12-age18;
! Variable with level-2 ID info
IDVARIABLE = PersonID;
! Old level-1 identifier
REPETITION = roundage (12 13 14 15 16 17 18);
VARIABLE:
! List of variables in original data file
NAMES = PersonID Att12 occasion age risky mon roundage
       time att4 timesq mon3;
! Variables to be analyzed in this model
USEVARIABLE = att4 age12-age18 mon12-mon18 risky12-risky18;
MISSING ARE ALL (-999); ! Missing data identifier
TSCORES = age12-age18; ! Exact time indicator
ANALYSIS: TYPE = RANDOM; ESTIMATOR = ML; MODEL = NOCOVARIANCES;
MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring
[risky12-risky18@0 mon12-mon18@0]; ! All variable intercepts fixed to 0
risky12-risky18 (Rresvar); ! L1 R: R residual variances held equal
mon12-mon18 (Mresvar); ! L1 R: M residual variances held equal

! Risky behavior quadratic growth model using exact age as loadings
Rint Rlin Rquad | risky12-risky18 AT age12-age18;
! Monitoring linear growth model using exact age as loadings
Mint Mlin | mon12-mon18 AT age12-age18;
! Fixed growth effects for R and M
[Rint Rlin Rquad Mint Mlin];
! L2 G: Random int and linear age slope variances, no quad age variance
Rint Rlin Mint Mlin (Rintvar Rlinvar Mintvar Mlinvar); Rquad@0;
! L2 G: Within-variable random int-slope covariances for R, M
Rint WITH Rlin (Rintlin); Mint WITH Mlin (Mintlin);
! Attitudes --> R int, R linear slope, M int, M linear slope
Rint Rlin Mint Mlin ON att4;
! Covariances between outcomes
Rint WITH Mint (IntCov); ! L2 G: Random intercept covariance
Rlin WITH Mlin (LinCov); ! L2 G: Random linear age slope covariance
Mint WITH Rlin (Int2Lin); ! L2 G: M int, R slope covariance
Mlin WITH Rint (Lin2Int); ! L2 G: M slope, R int covariance
! Residual WP covariance between same ages, held equal across age
risky12-risky18 PWITH mon12-mon18 (ResCov);

MODEL CONSTRAINT: ! Linear combinations of any parameter
NEW(ResCor IntCor LinCor); ! First need to name each new created effect
! Estimating correlations found in SAS RCORR and GCORR
! Corr = Cov / (SQRT(Yvar)*SQRT(Xvar))
ResCor = ResCov / (SQRT(Rresvar)*SQRT(Mresvar));
IntCor = IntCov / (SQRT(Rintvar)*SQRT(Mintvar));
LinCor = LinCov / (SQRT(Rlinvar)*SQRT(Mlinvar));

```

Quadratic fixed effect for risky outcome not shown in diagram...



- > Indicates paths fixed = 1
- > Indicates paths fixed = time values
- > Indicates paths freely estimated
- > Indicates paths freely estimated between residuals at the same occasion but held equal over time

For balanced time, a linear growth model would look like this instead (add Mquad as third variable before |):

```

Mint Mlin | mon12@-6 mon13@-5 mon14@-4 mon15@-3
           mon16@-2 mon17@-1 mon18@0;

```

MODEL FIT INFORMATION						Means				
Number of Free Parameters						RQUAD	0.147	0.021	7.117	0.000
Loglikelihood						Intercepts				
H0 Value						MON12	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
Information Criteria						MON13	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
Akaike (AIC)						MON14	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
Bayesian (BIC)						MON15	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
Sample-Size Adjusted BIC						MON16	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
(n* = (n + 2) / 24)						MON17	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
MODEL RESULTS						MON18	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
						RISKY12	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
						RISKY13	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
						RISKY14	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
						RISKY15	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
						RISKY16	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
						RISKY17	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
						RISKY18	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
						RINT	23.322	0.348	67.074	0.000
						RLIN	1.975	0.138	14.259	0.000
						MINT	0.063	0.034	1.839	0.066
						MLIN	-0.003	0.008	-0.380	0.704
						Variances				
						RQUAD	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
						Residual Variances				
						MON12	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
						MON13	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
						MON14	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
						MON15	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
						MON16	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
						MON17	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
						MON18	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
						RISKY12	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
						RISKY13	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
						RISKY14	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
						RISKY15	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
						RISKY16	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
						RISKY17	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
						RISKY18	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
						RINT	18.049	2.202	8.198	0.000
						RLIN	0.484	0.080	6.071	0.000
						MINT	0.195	0.023	8.371	0.000
						MLIN	0.010	0.001	7.802	0.000
						New/Additional Parameters				
						RESCOR	0.350	0.028	12.607	0.000
						INTCOR	-0.455	0.074	-6.119	0.000
						LINCOR	-0.255	0.103	-2.483	0.013

Model 2a: Partially Directed Path Multivariate MLM in Mplus: Monitor → Risky for BP intercepts and slopes, but WP residuals covary

TITLE: Model 2a: Partially Directed Multivariate Growth Model as MLM L1 WP effect as residual covariance		Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	Two-Tailed P-Value
(DATA, VARIABLE, and ANALYSIS are the same as for Model 1 MLM)		Within Level			
MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring		RISKY WITH			
%WITHIN%		MON3	0.287	0.028	10.441
risky mon3 (Rresvar Mresvar); ! L1 R: Residual variances (labels)		Residual Variances			
Rlin risky ON time; ! Placeholder for R linear age slope		RISKY	8.352	0.374	22.351
Rquad risky ON timesq; ! Placeholder for R quadratic age slope		MON3	0.081	0.004	22.354
Mlin mon3 ON time; ! Placeholder for M linear age slope					
risky WITH mon3 (ResCov); ! L1 R: Still residual covariance					
%BETWEEN%		Between Level - <u>new parameters are in BOLD underline</u>			
[risky mon3 Rlin Rquad Mlin]; ! Fixed intercepts, slopes		RLIN ON			
risky mon3 (Rintvar Mintvar); ! L2 G: Random intercept variances (labels)		MLIN	-1.736	0.713	-2.434
Rlin Mlin (Rlinvar Mlinvar); ! L2 G: Random linear age slope variances		RLIN ON			
Rquad@0; ! No quadratic age slope variance		ATT4	-0.512	0.105	-4.869
risky Rlin ON att4; ! Att-> R int, linear age slope		MLIN ON			
mon3 Mlin ON att4; ! Att-> M int, linear age slope		ATT4	0.003	0.014	0.240
risky WITH Rlin (RIntLin); ! R Int-slope covariance (label)		RISKY ON			
mon3 WITH Mlin (MIntLin); ! M Int-slope covariance (label)		ATT4	-3.354	0.528	-6.348
		MON3	-4.380	0.797	-5.497
		MON3 ON			
		ATT4	-0.044	0.057	-0.779
		RISKY WITH			
		RLIN	1.480	0.345	4.285
		MLIN	0.039	0.038	1.023
		MON3 WITH			
		MLIN	0.000	0.004	-0.105
		RLIN	-0.107	0.031	-3.454
		Means			
		RQUAD	0.147	0.021	7.117
		Intercepts			
		RISKY	23.598	0.338	69.837
		MON3	0.063	0.034	1.839
		RLIN	1.969	0.139	14.195
		MLIN	-0.003	0.008	-0.380
		Variances			
		RQUAD	0.000	0.000	999.000
		Residual Variances			
		RISKY	14.315	2.030	7.053
		MON3	0.195	0.023	8.371
		RLIN	0.453	0.081	5.564
		MLIN	0.010	0.001	7.802
		New/Additional Parameters			
		RESCOR	0.350	0.034	10.441
		INTSTD	-0.455	0.083	-5.497
		LINSTD	-0.254	0.104	-2.434

This is an equivalent model, just with a different way of specifying the level-2 BP intercept-to-intercept and slope-to-slope relationships.

**In Mplus, Model 2a as a partially directed single-level SEM:
Monitor → Risky for intercepts and slopes, but residuals covary**

TITLE: Model 2a: Partially Directed Multivariate Growth Model as Single-Level SEM, L1 WP effect as residual covariance

(DATA, VARIABLE, and ANALYSIS are the same as for Model 1 SEM)

MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring
[risky12-risky18@0 mon12-mon18@0]; ! All variable intercepts fixed to 0
risky12-risky18 (Rresvar); ! L1 R: R residual variances held equal
mon12-mon18 (Mresvar); ! L1 R: M residual variances held equal

! Risky behavior quadratic growth model using exact age as loadings
Rint Rlin Rquad | risky12-risky18 AT age12-age18;
! Monitoring linear growth model using exact age as loadings
Mint Mlin | mon12-mon18 AT age12-age18;
! Fixed growth effects for R and M
[Rint Rlin Rquad Mint Mlin];
! L2 G: Random int and linear age slope variances, no quad age variance
Rint Rlin Mint Mlin (Rintvar Rlinvar Mintvar Mlinvar); Rquad@0;
! L2 G: Within-variable random int-slope covariances for R, M
Rint WITH Rlin (Rintlin); Mint WITH Mlin (Mintlin);
! Attitudes --> R int, R linear slope, M int, M linear slope
Rint Rlin Mint Mlin ON att4;

! Although we have changed the int-int and slope-slope relations to direct
! paths from M -> R instead of covariances, they still represent total L2
! BP relationships because the L1 relationship is still a covariance

Rint ON Mint (BPIntEff); ! Total L2 BP intercept effect
Rlin ON Mlin (BPLinEff); ! Total L2 BP age slope effect

Mint WITH Rlin (Int2Lin); ! L2 G: M int, R slope covariance
Mlin WITH Rint (Lin2Int); ! L2 G: M slope, R int covariance

! Residual WP covariance between same ages, held equal across age
risky12-risky18 PWITH mon12-mon18 (ResCov);

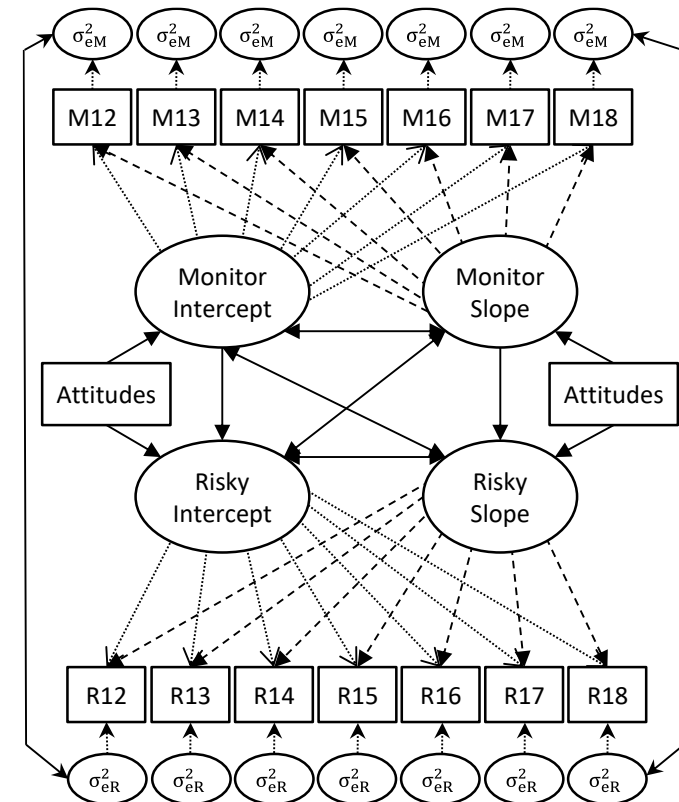
MODEL CONSTRAINT: ! All values below are variances from undirected model 1
NEW(ResCor IntStd LinStd);

! Corr = Cov / (SQRT(Yvar)*SQRT(Xvar))
ResCor = ResCov / (SQRT(8.3538)*SQRT(0.08077)); ! WP Res corr

! STD = Unstd * SQRT(Xvar) / SQRT(Yvar)
IntStd = BPIntEff * SQRT(0.19530) / SQRT(18.0644); ! STD BP Int effect
LinStd = BPLinEff * SQRT(0.01049) / SQRT(0.48830); ! STD BP Slope effect

This is an equivalent model, just with a different way of specifying the level-2 BP intercept-to-intercept and slope-to-slope relationships.

Quadratic fixed effect for risky outcome not shown in diagram...



-> Indicates paths fixed = 1
- > Indicates paths fixed = time values
- ↔ Indicates paths freely estimated
- ↔ Indicates paths freely estimated between residuals at the same occasion but held equal over time

For balanced time, a linear growth model would look like this instead (add Mquad as third variable before |):

Mint Mlin | mon12@-6 mon13@-5 mon14@-4 mon15@-3
mon16@-2 mon17@-1 mon18@0;

MODEL RESULTS - <u>changed parameters are in BOLD underline</u>						Means				
		Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	Two-Tailed P-Value	RQUAD	0.147	0.021	7.117	0.000
RINT	ON					Intercepts				
MINT		-4.380	0.797	-5.496	0.000	RISKY12	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
RLIN	ON					RISKY13	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
MLIN		-1.735	0.713	-2.434	0.015	RISKY14	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
RINT	ON					RISKY15	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
ATT4		-3.354	0.528	-6.348	0.000	RISKY16	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
RLIN	ON					RISKY17	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
ATT4		-0.512	0.105	-4.869	0.000	RISKY18	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
MINT	ON					MON12	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
ATT4		-0.044	0.057	-0.779	0.436	MON13	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
MLIN	ON					MON14	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
ATT4		0.003	0.014	0.240	0.810	MON15	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
RINT	WITH					MON16	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
RLIN		1.480	0.345	4.285	0.000	MON17	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
MLIN		0.039	0.038	1.023	0.306	MON18	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
MINT	WITH					RINT	23.598	0.338	69.836	0.000
MLIN		0.000	0.004	-0.105	0.916	RLIN	1.969	0.139	14.195	0.000
RLIN		-0.107	0.031	-3.454	0.001	MINT	0.063	0.034	1.839	0.066
RISKY12	WITH					MLIN	-0.003	0.008	-0.380	0.704
MON12		0.287	0.028	10.441	0.000	Variances				
RISKY13	WITH					RQUAD	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
MON13		0.287	0.028	10.441	0.000	Residual Variances				
RISKY14	WITH					RISKY12	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
MON14		0.287	0.028	10.441	0.000	RISKY13	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
RISKY15	WITH					RISKY14	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
MON15		0.287	0.028	10.441	0.000	RISKY15	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
RISKY16	WITH					RISKY16	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
MON16		0.287	0.028	10.441	0.000	RISKY17	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
RISKY17	WITH					RISKY18	8.352	0.374	22.351	0.000
MON17		0.287	0.028	10.441	0.000	MON12	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
RISKY18	WITH					MON13	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
MON18		0.287	0.028	10.441	0.000	MON14	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
						MON15	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
						MON16	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
						MON17	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
						MON18	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
						RINT	14.315	2.030	7.053	0.000
						RLIN	0.453	0.081	5.564	0.000
						MINT	0.195	0.023	8.371	0.000
						MLIN	0.010	0.001	7.802	0.000
						New/Additional Parameters				
						RESCOR	0.350	0.034	10.441	0.000
						INTSTD	-0.455	0.083	-5.496	0.000
						LINSTD	-0.254	0.104	-2.434	0.015

Model 2b: Partially Directed Path Multivariate MLM in Mplus: Monitor → Risky for WP residuals within L1 model
Also demonstrating how to request BP indirect effects

TITLE:	Model 2b: Partially Directed Multivariate Growth Model as MLM	Two-Tailed			
	L1 WP effect as direct path specified in L1 WITHIN	Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	P-Value
(DATA, VARIABLE, and ANALYSIS are the same as for Model 1 MLM)					
MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring					
%WITHIN%					
risky mon3 (Rresvar Mresvar); ! L1 R: Residual variances (labels)					
Rlin risky ON time; ! Placeholder for R linear age slope					
Rquad risky ON timesq; ! Placeholder for R quadratic age slope					
Mlin mon3 ON time; ! Placeholder for M linear age slope					
risky ON mon3 (ResEff); ! L1 WP fixed effect M->R here (label)					
%BETWEEN%					
[risky mon3 Rlin Rquad Mlin]; ! Fixed intercepts, slopes					
risky mon3 (Rintvar Mintvar); ! L2 G: Random intercept variances (labels)					
Rlin Mlin (Rlinvar Mlinvar); ! L2 G: Random linear age slope variances					
Rquad@0; ! No quadratic age slope variance					
risky Rlin ON att4 (XtoYint XtoYlin); ! Att-> R int, linear age slope					
mon3 Mlin ON att4 (XtoMint XtoMlin); ! Att-> M int, linear age slope					
risky WITH Rlin (RIntLin); ! R Int-slope covariance (label)					
mon3 WITH Mlin (MIntLin); ! M Int-slope covariance (label)					
! Although the intercept -> intercept path remains the total L2 BP effect,					
! now the slope -> slope path becomes the L2 contextual effect instead					
risky ON mon3 (BPIntEff); ! STILL total L2 BP intercept effect					
Rlin ON Mlin (LinCont); ! NOW L2 contextual linear slope effect					
mon3 WITH Rlin (Int2Lin); ! L2 G: M int, R slope covariance					
Mlin WITH risky (Lin2Int); ! L2 G: M slope, R int covariance					
MODEL CONSTRAINT:					
NEW(ResStd IntStd BPLinEff LinStd indBPint indBPLin);					
! STD = Unstd * SQRT(Xvar) / SQRT(Yvar)					
ResStd = ResEff * SQRT(0.08077) / SQRT(8.3538); ! STD WP Res effect					
IntStd = BPIntEff * SQRT(0.19530) / SQRT(18.0644); ! STD BP Int effect					
BPLinEff = ResEff + LinCont; ! WP + Context = BP lin					
LinStd = BPLinEff * SQRT(0.01049) / SQRT(0.48830); ! STD BP Slope effect					
indBPint = XtoMint * BPIntEff; ! BP intercept indirect effect					
indBPLin = XtoMlin * BPLinEff; ! BP age slope indirect effect					
This is still an equivalent model, just with a different way of specifying the level-1 WP residual-to-residual relationship. This syntax method will only work for level-1 effects that are fixed, though...					

Within Level - <u>new parameters are in BOLD underline</u>	
<u>RISKY</u>	<u>ON</u>
MON3	3.559 0.301 11.809 0.000
Residual Variances	
RISKY	7.329 0.328 22.353 0.000
MON3	0.081 0.004 22.354 0.000
Between Level - <u>changed parameters are in BOLD underline</u>	
<u>RLIN</u>	<u>ON</u>
MLIN	-5.294 0.806 -6.569 0.000
RLIN	ON
ATT4	-0.512 0.105 -4.869 0.000
MLIN	ON
ATT4	0.003 0.014 0.240 0.810
RISKY	ON
ATT4	-3.354 0.528 -6.348 0.000
MON3	-4.380 0.797 -5.497 0.000
MON3	ON
ATT4	-0.044 0.057 -0.779 0.436
RISKY	WITH
RLIN	1.480 0.345 4.285 0.000
MLIN	0.039 0.038 1.023 0.306
MON3	WITH
MLIN	0.000 0.004 -0.105 0.916
RLIN	-0.107 0.031 -3.454 0.001
Means	
RQUAD	0.147 0.021 7.117 0.000
Intercepts	
RISKY	23.598 0.338 69.837 0.000
MON3	0.063 0.034 1.839 0.066
RLIN	1.969 0.139 14.195 0.000
MLIN	-0.003 0.008 -0.380 0.704
Variances	
RQUAD	0.000 0.000 999.000 999.000
Residual Variances	
RISKY	14.315 2.030 7.053 0.000
MON3	0.195 0.023 8.371 0.000
RLIN	0.453 0.081 5.564 0.000
MLIN	0.010 0.001 7.802 0.000
New/Additional Parameters	
RESSTD	0.350 0.034 10.441 0.000
INTSTD	-0.455 0.083 -5.497 0.000
BPLINEFF	-1.736 0.713 -2.434 0.015
LINSTD	-0.254 0.104 -2.434 0.015
INDBPINT	0.194 0.251 0.772 0.440
INDBPLIN	-0.006 0.024 -0.239 0.811

In Mplus, Model 2b as a partially directed single-level SEM: Monitor → Risky for WP residuals using structured residuals

TITLE: Model 2b: Partially Directed Multivariate Growth Model as Single-Level SEM, L1 WP effect as direct path using structured residuals
(DATA, VARIABLE, and ANALYSIS are the same as for Model 1 SEM)
MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring
[riskyl2-riskyl8@0 mon12-mon18@0]; ! All variable intercepts fixed to 0

```
! Risky behavior quadratic growth model using exact age as loadings
Rint Rlin Rquad | riskyl2-riskyl8 AT age12-age18;
! Monitoring linear growth model using exact age as loadings
Mint Mlin | mon12-mon18 AT age12-age18;
! Fixed growth effects for R and M
[Rint Rlin Rquad Mint Mlin];
! L2 G: Random int and linear age slope variances, no quad age variance
Rint Rlin Mint Mlin (Rintvar Rlinvar Mintvar Mlinvar); Rquad@0;
! L2 G: Within-variable random int-slope covariances for R, M
Rint WITH Rlin (Rintlin); Mint WITH Mlin (Mintlin);
! Attitudes --> R int, R linear slope, M int, M linear slope
Rint Rlin Mint Mlin ON att4 (XtoYint XtoYlin XtoMint XtoMlin);
Rint ON Mint (BPIntEff); ! Total BP intercept effect
Rlin ON Mlin (BPLinEff); ! Total BP age slope effect
Mint WITH Rlin (Int2Lin); ! L2 G: M int, R slope covariance
Mlin WITH Rint (Lin2Int); ! L2 G: M slope, R int covariance

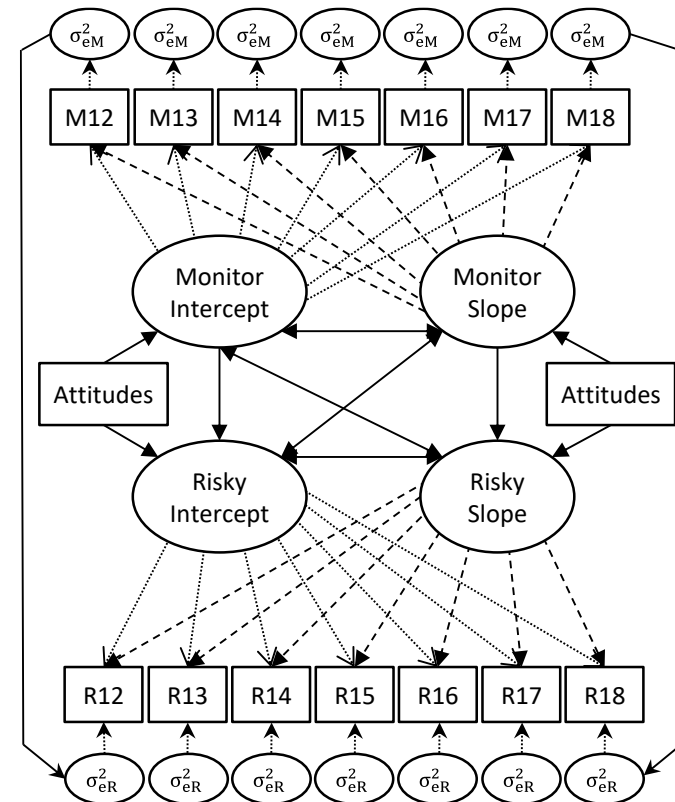
! Define new latent factors for residuals at each occasion
Friskyl2 BY riskyl2@1; Friskyl3 BY riskyl3@1; Friskyl4 BY riskyl4@1;
Friskyl5 BY riskyl5@1; Friskyl6 BY riskyl6@1; Friskyl7 BY riskyl7@1;
Friskyl8 BY riskyl8@1; Fmon12 BY mon12@1; Fmon13 BY mon13@1;
Fmon14 BY mon14@1; Fmon15 BY mon15@1; Fmon16 BY mon16@1;
Fmon17 BY mon17@1; Fmon18 BY mon18@1;
! All factor means fixed to 0
[Friskyl2-Friskyl8@0 Fmon12-Fmon18@0];
! Shut off old residual variances
riskyl2-riskyl8@0 mon12-mon18@0;
! Hold new residual variances equal over time
Friskyl2-Friskyl8 (Rresvar); ! L1 R: R residual variances held equal
Fmon12-Fmon18 (Mresvar); ! L1 M: M residual variances held equal
! Factor residual WP effect between same ages, held equal across age
Friskyl2-Friskyl8 PON Fmon12-Fmon18 (ResEff);
```

MODEL CONSTRAINT:

```
NEW(ResStd IntStd LinStd indBPint indBplin);
! STD = Unstd * SQRT(Xvar) / SQRT(Yvar)
ResStd = ResEff * SQRT(0.08077) / SQRT(8.3538); ! STD WP Res effect
IntStd = BPIntEff * SQRT(0.19530) / SQRT(18.0644); ! STD BP Int effect
LinStd = BPLinEff * SQRT(0.01049) / SQRT(0.48830); ! STD BP Slope effect
indBPint = XtoMint * BPIntEff; ! BP intercept indirect effect
indBplin = XtoMlin * BPLinEff; ! BP age slope indirect effect
```

This is still an equivalent model, just with a different way of specifying the level-2 BP intercept-to-intercept and slope-to-slope relationships.

Quadratic fixed effect for risky outcome not shown in diagram...



-> Indicates paths fixed = 1
- > Indicates paths fixed = time values
- > Indicates paths freely estimated
- > Indicates paths freely estimated
- > Indicates paths freely estimated between residuals at the same occasion but held equal over time

For balanced time, a linear growth model would look like this instead (add Mquad as third variable before |):

```
Mint Mlin | mon12@-6 mon13@-5 mon14@-4 mon15@-3
mon16@-2 mon17@-1 mon18@0;
```

MODEL RESULTS - <u>changed parameters are in BOLD underline</u>					
		Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	Two-Tailed P-Value
Factor loadings set to 1 omitted					
RINT	ON				
MINT		-4.380	0.797	-5.496	0.000
RLIN	ON				
MLIN		-1.736	0.713	-2.434	0.015
FRISKY12	ON				
FMON12		3.563	0.302	11.810	0.000
FRISKY13	ON				
FMON13		3.563	0.302	11.810	0.000
FRISKY14	ON				
FMON14		3.563	0.302	11.810	0.000
FRISKY15	ON				
FMON15		3.563	0.302	11.810	0.000
FRISKY16	ON				
FMON16		3.563	0.302	11.810	0.000
FRISKY17	ON				
FMON17		3.563	0.302	11.810	0.000
FRISKY18	ON				
FMON18		3.563	0.302	11.810	0.000
RINT	ON				
ATT4		-3.354	0.528	-6.348	0.000
RLIN	ON				
ATT4		-0.512	0.105	-4.869	0.000
MINT	ON				
ATT4		-0.044	0.057	-0.779	0.436
MLIN	ON				
ATT4		0.003	0.014	0.240	0.810
RINT	WITH				
RLIN		1.480	0.345	4.285	0.000
MLIN		0.039	0.038	1.023	0.306
MINT	WITH				
MLIN		0.000	0.004	-0.105	0.916
RLIN		-0.107	0.031	-3.454	0.001

Means				
RQUAD	0.147	0.021	7.117	0.000
Intercepts				
Intercepts fixed to 0 omitted				
RINT	23.598	0.338	69.836	0.000
RLIN	1.969	0.139	14.195	0.000
MINT	0.063	0.034	1.839	0.066
MLIN	-0.003	0.008	-0.380	0.704
Variances				
FMON12	0.081	0.004	22.327	0.000
FMON13	0.081	0.004	22.327	0.000
FMON14	0.081	0.004	22.327	0.000
FMON15	0.081	0.004	22.327	0.000
FMON16	0.081	0.004	22.327	0.000
FMON17	0.081	0.004	22.327	0.000
FMON18	0.081	0.004	22.327	0.000
RQUAD	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
Residual Variances				
Residual variances fixed to 0 omitted				
FRISKY12	7.328	0.328	22.349	0.000
FRISKY13	7.328	0.328	22.349	0.000
FRISKY14	7.328	0.328	22.349	0.000
FRISKY15	7.328	0.328	22.349	0.000
FRISKY16	7.328	0.328	22.349	0.000
FRISKY17	7.328	0.328	22.349	0.000
FRISKY18	7.328	0.328	22.349	0.000
RINT	14.315	2.030	7.053	0.000
RLIN	0.453	0.081	5.564	0.000
MINT	0.195	0.023	8.371	0.000
MLIN	0.010	0.001	7.802	0.000
New/Additional Parameters				
RESSTD	0.350	0.034	10.441	0.000
INTSTD	-0.455	0.083	-5.496	0.000
LINSTD	-0.254	0.104	-2.434	0.015
INDBPINT	0.194	0.251	0.772	0.440
INDBPLIN	-0.006	0.024	-0.239	0.811

Model 2c: Partially Directed Path Multivariate MLM in Mplus: Monitor → Risky for WP residuals within L2 model via placeholder syntax
Also demonstrating how to request BP indirect effects

Two-Tailed				
	Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	P-Value
Within Level				
Residual Variances				
RISKY	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000
MON3	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
Between Level - changed parameters are in BOLD underline				
RLIN ON				
MLIN	-5.294	0.806	-6.569	0.000
RLIN ON				
ATT4	-0.512	0.105	-4.869	0.000
MLIN ON				
ATT4	0.003	0.014	0.240	0.810
RISKY ON				
ATT4	-3.354	0.528	-6.348	0.000
MON3	-7.938	0.872	-9.099	0.000
MON3 ON				
ATT4	-0.044	0.057	-0.779	0.436
RISKY WITH				
RLIN	1.480	0.345	4.285	0.000
MLIN	0.039	0.038	1.023	0.306
MON3 WITH				
MLIN	0.000	0.004	-0.105	0.916
RLIN	-0.107	0.031	-3.454	0.001
Means				
RQUAD	0.147	0.021	7.117	0.000
WPRES (here now)	3.559	0.301	11.810	0.000
Intercepts				
RISKY	23.598	0.338	69.837	0.000
MON3	0.063	0.034	1.839	0.066
RLIN	1.969	0.139	14.195	0.000
MLIN	-0.003	0.008	-0.380	0.704
Variances				
RQUAD	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
WPRES	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
Residual Variances				
RISKY	14.315	2.030	7.053	0.000
MON3	0.195	0.023	8.371	0.000
RLIN	0.453	0.081	5.564	0.000
MLIN	0.010	0.001	7.802	0.000
New/Additional Parameters				
RESSTD	0.350	0.030	11.810	0.000
BPINTEFF	-4.380	0.797	-5.496	0.000
INTSTD	-0.455	0.083	-5.496	0.000
BPLINEFF	-1.735	0.713	-2.434	0.015
LINSTD	-0.254	0.104	-2.434	0.015
INDBPINT	0.194	0.251	0.772	0.440
INDEPLIN	-0.006	0.024	-0.239	0.811

TITLE: Model 2c: Partially Directed Multivariate Growth Model as MLM
 L1 WP effect as direct path specified in L2 BETWEEN
 (DATA, VARIABLE, and ANALYSIS are the same as for Model 1 MLM)

MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring

%WITHIN%

```
risky mon3 (Rresvar Mresvar); ! L1 R: Residual variances (labels)
Rlin | risky ON time; ! Placeholder for R linear age slope
Rquad | risky ON timesq; ! Placeholder for R quadratic age slope
Mlin | mon3 ON time; ! Placeholder for M linear age slope
WPRES | risky ON mon3; ! NEW placeholder for L1 WP effect M->R
```

%BETWEEN%

```
[risky mon3 Rlin Rquad Mlin]; ! Fixed intercepts, slopes
risky mon3 (Rintvar Mintvar); ! L2 G: Random intercept variances (labels)
Rlin Mlin (Rlinvar Mlinvar); ! L2 G: Random linear age slope variances
Rquad@0; ! No quadratic age slope variance
risky Rlin ON att4 (XtoYint XtoYlin); ! Att-> R int, linear age slope
mon3 Mlin ON att4 (XtoMint XtoMlin); ! Att-> M int, linear age slope
risky WITH Rlin (RIntLin); ! R Int-slope covariance (label)
mon3 WITH Mlin (MIntLin); ! M Int-slope covariance (label)
```

**! And now both the intercept -> intercept path and the slope -> slope path
 ! are L2 contextual effects given the L1 placeholder for WP residual effect**

```
risky ON mon3 (IntCont); ! NOW L2 contextual intercept effect
Rlin ON Mlin (LinCont); ! NOW L2 contextual slope effect
mon3 WITH Rlin (Int2Lin); ! L2 G: M int, R slope covariance
Mlin WITH risky (Lin2Int); ! L2 G: M slope, R int covariance
```

[WPRES] (ResEff); ! Fixed effect for L1 WP M->R (as defined earlier)
WPRES@0; ! No random L1 WP M->R effect variance

MODEL CONSTRAINT:
NEW(ResStd BPIntEff IntStd BPLineff LinStd indBPint indBPlin);

```
! STD = Unstd * SQRT(Xvar) / SQRT(Yvar)
ResStd = ResEff * SQRT(0.08077) / SQRT(8.3538); ! STD WP Res effect
BPIntEff = ResEff + IntCont; ! WP + Context = BP int
IntStd = BPIntEff * SQRT(0.19530) / SQRT(18.0644); ! STD BP Int effect
BPLineff = ResEff + LinCont; ! WP + Context = BP lin
LinStd = BPLineff * SQRT(0.01049) / SQRT(0.48830); ! STD BP Slope effect
indBPint = XtoMint * BPIntEff; ! BP intercept indirect effect
indBPlin = XtoMlin * BPLineff; ! BP age slope indirect effect
```

This is still an equivalent model, just with a different syntax for specifying the same level-1 WP residual-to-residual directed relationship. This is the version that is necessary in order to have the level-1 effect become random or systematically varying (i.e., add cross-level interactions). **But if you switch to Bayes estimation, then all the L2 effects are BP instead (see Hoffman 2019 AMPPS)!!!**

In Mplus, Model 2c as a partially directed single-level SEM: Monitor → Risky for WP residuals using original residuals

TITLE: Model 2c: Partially Directed Multivariate Growth Model as Single-Level SEM, L1 WP effect as direct path using original residuals

(DATA, VARIABLE, and ANALYSIS are the same as for Model 1 SEM)

MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring

```
[risky12-risky18@0 mon12-mon18@0]; ! All variable intercepts fixed to 0
risky12-risky18 (Rresvar);          ! L1 R: R residual variances held equal
mon12-mon18      (Mresvar);          ! L1 R: M residual variances held equal
```

! Risky behavior quadratic growth model using exact age as loadings

```
Rint Rlin Rquad | risky12-risky18 AT age12-age18;
```

! Monitoring linear growth model using exact age as loadings

```
Mint Mlin | mon12-mon18 AT age12-age18;
```

! Fixed growth effects for R and M

```
[Rint Rlin Rquad Mint Mlin];
```

! L2 G: Random int and linear age slope variances, no quad age variance

```
Rint Rlin Mint Mlin (Rintvar Rlinvar Mintvar Mlinvar); Rquad@0;
```

! L2 G: Within-variable random int-slope covariances for R, M

```
Rint WITH Rlin (Rintlin); Mint WITH Mlin (Mintlin);
```

! Attitudes --> R int, R linear slope, M int, M linear slope

```
Rint Rlin Mint Mlin ON att4 (XtoYint XtoYlin XtoMint XtoMlin);
```

```
Rint ON Mint (IntCont); ! NOW L2 contextual intercept effect
```

```
Rlin ON Mlin (LinCont); ! NOW L2 contextual age slope effect
```

```
Mint WITH Rlin (Int2Lin); ! L2 G: M int, R slope covariance
```

```
Mlin WITH Rint (Lin2Int); ! L2 G: M slope, R int covariance
```

! Residual WP slope between same ages, held equal across age

```
risky12-risky18 PON mon12-mon18 (ResEff);
```

MODEL CONSTRAINT:

```
NEW(ResStd BPIntEff IntStd BPLinEff LinStd indBPint indBPlin);
```

```
! STD = Unstd * SQRT(Xvar) / SQRT(Yvar)
```

```
ResStd = ResEff * SQRT(0.08077) / SQRT(8.3538); ! STD WP Res effect
```

```
BPIntEff = ResEff + IntCont; ! WP + Context = BP int
```

```
IntStd = BPIntEff * SQRT(0.19530) / SQRT(18.0644); ! STD BP Int effect
```

```
BPLinEff = ResEff + LinCont; ! WP + Context = BP lin
```

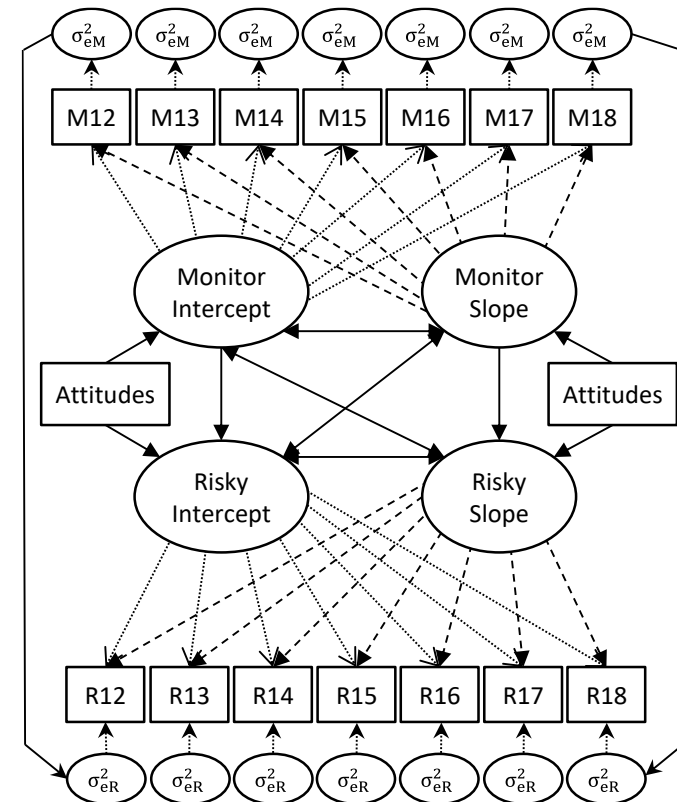
```
LinStd = BPLinEff * SQRT(0.01049) / SQRT(0.48830); ! STD BP Slope effect
```

```
indBPint = XtoMint * BPIntEff; ! BP intercept indirect effect
```

```
indBPlin = XtoMlin * BPLinEff; ! BP age slope indirect effect
```

This is still an equivalent model, just with a different syntax for specifying the same level-1 WP residual to residual directed relationship. The consequence is that the intercept-to-intercept and slope-to-slope relationships become L2 contextual effects (as in the MLM version). Oddly, if we were to switch to ON for the intercept-slope cross-variable relationships, those stay L2 BP (see chapter 9 for an example using this version of the model).

Quadratic fixed effect for risky outcome not shown in diagram...



-> Indicates paths fixed = 1
- > Indicates paths fixed = time values
- ====> Indicates paths freely estimated
- ====> Indicates paths freely estimated
- ====> Indicates paths freely estimated between residuals at the same occasion but held equal over time

For balanced time, a linear growth model would look like this instead (add Mquad as third variable before |):

```
Mint Mlin | mon12@-6 mon13@-5 mon14@-4 mon15@-3
mon16@-2 mon17@-1 mon18@0;
```

MODEL RESULTS - **changed parameters are in BOLD underline**

		Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	Two-Tailed P-Value
Factor loadings set to 1 omitted					
RINT	ON				
MINT		-7.939	0.872	-9.099	0.000
RLIN	ON				
MLIN		-5.294	0.806	-6.569	0.000
RINT	ON				
ATT4		-3.354	0.528	-6.348	0.000
RLIN	ON				
ATT4		-0.512	0.105	-4.869	0.000
MINT	ON				
ATT4		-0.044	0.057	-0.779	0.436
MLIN	ON				
ATT4		0.003	0.014	0.240	0.810
RISKY12	ON				
MON12		3.559	0.301	11.810	0.000
RISKY13	ON				
MON13		3.559	0.301	11.810	0.000
RISKY14	ON				
MON14		3.559	0.301	11.810	0.000
RISKY15	ON				
MON15		3.559	0.301	11.810	0.000
RISKY16	ON				
MON16		3.559	0.301	11.810	0.000
RISKY17	ON				
MON17		3.559	0.301	11.810	0.000
RISKY18	ON				
MON18		3.559	0.301	11.810	0.000
RINT	WITH				
RLIN		1.480	0.345	4.285	0.000
MLIN		0.039	0.038	1.023	0.306
MINT	WITH				
MLIN		0.000	0.004	-0.105	0.916
RLIN		-0.107	0.031	-3.454	0.001

Means				
RQUAD	0.147	0.021	7.117	0.000
Intercepts				
Intercepts fixed to 0 omitted				
RINT	23.598	0.338	69.836	0.000
RLIN	1.969	0.139	14.195	0.000
MINT	0.063	0.034	1.839	0.066
MLIN	-0.003	0.008	-0.380	0.704
Variances				
RQUAD	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
Residual Variances				
RISKY12	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000
RISKY13	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000
RISKY14	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000
RISKY15	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000
RISKY16	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000
RISKY17	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000
RISKY18	7.329	0.328	22.353	0.000
MON12	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
MON13	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
MON14	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
MON15	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
MON16	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
MON17	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
MON18	0.081	0.004	22.354	0.000
RINT	14.315	2.030	7.053	0.000
RLIN	0.453	0.081	5.564	0.000
MINT	0.195	0.023	8.371	0.000
MLIN	0.010	0.001	7.802	0.000
New/Additional Parameters				
RESSTD	0.350	0.030	11.810	0.000
BPINTEFF	-4.380	0.797	-5.496	0.000
INTSTD	-0.455	0.083	-5.496	0.000
BPLINEFF	-1.735	0.713	-2.434	0.015
LINSTD	-0.254	0.104	-2.434	0.015
INDBPINT	0.194	0.251	0.772	0.440
INDBPLIN	-0.006	0.024	-0.239	0.811

By popular demand, here is an example of how to use “structured residuals” to fit two cross-lagged effects at level 1: Model 3a, which switches to covariances at level 2 when fitting these models (per convention, to be agnostic as to which comes first)

TITLE: Model 3a: SEM Structured Residuals to Fit 2 Cross-Lag Paths (DATA, VARIABLE, and ANALYSIS are the same as for Model 1 SEM)	MODEL RESULTS - Parameters fixed to 0 or 1 are omitted for brevity				
MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring [risky12-risky18@0 mon12-mon18@0]; ! All variable intercepts fixed to 0		Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	Two-Tailed P-Value
! Risky behavior quadratic growth model using exact age as loadings Rint Rlin Rquad risky12-risky18 AT age12-age18; ! Monitoring linear growth model using exact age as loadings Mint Mlin mon12-mon18 AT age12-age18; ! Fixed growth effects for R and M [Rint Rlin Rquad Mint Mlin]; ! L2 G: Random int and linear age slope variances, no quad age variance Rint Rlin Mint Mlin (Rintvar Rlinvar Mintvar Mlinvar); Rquad@0; ! Attitudes --> R int, R linear slope, M int, M linear slope Rint Rlin Mint Mlin ON att4 (XtoYint XtoYlin XtoMint XtoMlin); ! L2 G: covariances for random intercepts and slopes across outcomes Rint Rlin Mint Mlin WITH Rint Rlin Mint Mlin;	FRISKY13 ON FMON12	-0.171	0.368	-0.465	0.642
! Define new latent factors for residuals at each occasion Frisky12 BY risky12@1; Frisky13 BY risky13@1; Frisky14 BY risky14@1; Frisky15 BY risky15@1; Frisky16 BY risky16@1; Frisky17 BY risky17@1; Frisky18 BY risky18@1; Fmon12 BY mon12@1; Fmon13 BY mon13@1; Fmon14 BY mon14@1; Fmon15 BY mon15@1; Fmon16 BY mon16@1; Fmon17 BY mon17@1; Fmon18 BY mon18@1; ! All factor means fixed to 0 [Frisky12-Frisky18@0 Fmon12-Fmon18@0]; ! Shut off old residual variances risky12-risky18@0 mon12-mon18@0; ! Hold new residual variances equal over time if predicted Frisky13-Frisky18 (Rresvar); ! L1 R: R residual variances held equal Fmon13-Fmon18 (Mresvar); ! L1 R: M residual variances held equal	FRISKY14 ON FMON13 FRISKY15 ON FMON14 FRISKY16 ON FMON15 FRISKY17 ON FMON16 FRISKY18 ON FMON17	-0.171	0.368	-0.465	0.642
! Factor residual WP covariance between same ages Frisky12 WITH Fmon12; ! Predicted occasions held equal across age Frisky13-Frisky18 PWITH Fmon13-Fmon18 (ResCov);	FMON13 ON FRISKY12 FMON14 ON FRISKY13 FMON15 ON FRISKY14 FMON16 ON FRISKY15 FMON17 ON FRISKY16 FMON18 ON FRISKY17	0.008	0.004	2.131	0.033
! Cross-lagged WP effects predicting next age, held equal across age Frisky13-Frisky18 PON Fmon12-Fmon17 (MR2RR); Fmon13-Fmon18 PON Frisky12-Frisky17 (RR2MR);	FRISKY13 FRISKY14 FRISKY15 FRISKY16 FRISKY17	0.008	0.004	2.131	0.033
MODEL CONSTRAINT: NEW(MR2RRsd RR2MRsd); ! STD = Unstd * SQRT(Xvar) / SQRT(Yvar) MR2RRsd = MR2RR * SQRT(0.08077) / SQRT(8.3538); ! STD M->R lag effect RR2MRsd = RR2MR * SQRT(8.3538) / SQRT(0.08077); ! STD R->M lag effect	FRISKY15 FRISKY16 FRISKY17	0.008	0.004	2.131	0.033
	FRISKY16 FRISKY17	0.008	0.004	2.131	0.033
	FRISKY17	0.008	0.004	2.131	0.033
	RINT ON ATT4	-3.153	0.552	-5.713	0.000
	RLIN ON ATT4	-0.514	0.105	-4.877	0.000
	MINT ON ATT4	-0.043	0.057	-0.765	0.444
	MLIN ON ATT4	0.004	0.014	0.309	0.757
	RINT WITH RLIN	1.945	0.363	5.365	0.000
	MINT MLIN	-0.884	0.170	-5.213	0.000
	RLIN WITH MINT	0.038	0.039	0.976	0.329
	MINT MLIN	-0.110	0.031	-3.511	0.000
	MLIN WITH MLIN	-0.018	0.008	-2.375	0.018
	MINT WITH MLIN	-0.001	0.004	-0.310	0.756

This is NOT an equivalent model given the two new cross-lagged effects, along with the two separate residual variances and covariance for age 12.

FRISKY12 WITH FMON12	0.053	0.087	0.608	0.543
FRISKY13 WITH FMON13	0.329	0.033	9.970	0.000
FRISKY14 WITH FMON14	0.329	0.033	9.970	0.000
FRISKY15 WITH FMON15	0.329	0.033	9.970	0.000
FRISKY16 WITH FMON16	0.329	0.033	9.970	0.000
FRISKY17 WITH FMON17	0.329	0.033	9.970	0.000
FRISKY18 WITH FMON18	0.329	0.033	9.970	0.000
Means				
RQUAD	0.145	0.021	7.041	0.000
Intercepts				
RINT	23.322	0.347	67.162	0.000
RLIN	1.971	0.137	14.378	0.000
MINT	0.064	0.034	1.873	0.061
MLIN	-0.003	0.008	-0.326	0.745
Variances				
FRISKY12	9.010	1.277	7.055	0.000
FMON12	0.061	0.011	5.372	0.000
RQUAD	0.000	0.000	999.000	999.000
Residual Variances				
FRISKY13	8.188	0.395	20.711	0.000
FRISKY14	8.188	0.395	20.711	0.000
FRISKY15	8.188	0.395	20.711	0.000
FRISKY16	8.188	0.395	20.711	0.000
FRISKY17	8.188	0.395	20.711	0.000
FRISKY18	8.188	0.395	20.711	0.000
FMON13	0.084	0.004	20.580	0.000
FMON14	0.084	0.004	20.580	0.000
FMON15	0.084	0.004	20.580	0.000
FMON16	0.084	0.004	20.580	0.000
FMON17	0.084	0.004	20.580	0.000
FMON18	0.084	0.004	20.580	0.000
RINT	18.257	2.213	8.249	0.000
RLIN	0.513	0.083	6.180	0.000
MINT	0.191	0.023	8.259	0.000
MLIN	0.010	0.001	7.859	0.000
New/Additional Parameters				
MR2RRSD	-0.017	0.036	-0.465	0.642
RR2MRSD	0.079	0.037	2.131	0.033

What if we controlled for the concurrent effect of M → before examining the lagged effect of Monitor → Risky (my own preference)?

TITLE: Model 3b: Example of Structured Residuals to Fit M→R Cross-Lagged Path that controls for concurrent effect before fitting the lagged effect

All else is the same until here...

! Factor residual WP effect between same ages, held equal across age
Frisky12-Frisky18 PON Fmon12-Fmon18 (ResEff);

! Cross-lag WP effects predicting next age, held equal across age
Frisky13-Frisky18 PON Fmon12-Fmon17 (MR2RR);

MODEL CONSTRAINT:

NEW(ResStd MR2RRsd);

! STD = Unstd * SQRT(Xvar) / SQRT(Yvar)

ResStd = ResEff * SQRT(Mresvar) / SQRT(Rresvar); ! STD M→R concurrent

MR2RRsd = MR2RR * SQRT(Mresvar) / SQRT(Rresvar); ! STD M→R lagged effect

	Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	Two-Tailed P-Value
New/Additional Parameters				
RESSTD	0.339	0.031	10.952	0.000
MR2RRSD	-0.054	0.033	-1.610	0.107

TITLE: Model 3c: Example of Structured Residuals to Fit R→M Cross-Lagged Path that controls for concurrent effect before fitting the lagged effect

All else is the same until here...

! Factor residual WP effect between same ages, held equal across age
Fmon12-Fmon18 PON Frisky12-Frisky18 (ResEff);

! Cross-lag WP effects predicting next age, held equal across age
Fmon13-Fmon18 PON Frisky12-Frisky17 (RR2MR);

MODEL CONSTRAINT:

NEW(ResStd RR2MRsd);

! STD = Unstd * SQRT(Xvar) / SQRT(Yvar)

ResStd = ResEff * SQRT(8.3538) / SQRT(0.08077); ! STD R→M concurrent

RR2MRsd = RR2MR * SQRT(8.3538) / SQRT(0.08077); ! STD R→M lagged effect

	Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	Two-Tailed P-Value
New/Additional Parameters				
RESSTD	0.371	0.031	11.846	0.000
RR2MRSD	0.087	0.034	2.547	0.011

It looks like evidence for a lagged Risky → Monitor lagged effect is a little stronger after controlling for the concurrent effect (and vice-versa).

Here is a comparison of the SEM cross-lagged effects to those from MLM using MLM using the LAGGED residual option (available in Mplus 8.1+ with BAYES estimation).

```

TITLE:  Model 3a: Undirected Directed Multivariate Growth Model as MLM
All fixed L1 effects specified in WITHIN
Adding lagged effects of both M -> R and R --> M
using new residual LAGGED option and BAYES estimation

DATA:  FILE = Example3.csv;    ! Syntax in same folder as data
VARIABLE: ! List of variables in data file
NAMES = PersonID Att12 occasion age risky mon roundage
        time att4 timesq mon3;
! Variables to be analyzed in this model
USEVARIABLE = time timesq att4 risky mon3;
MISSING ARE ALL (-999);    ! Missing data identifier
! MLM options
CLUSTER = PersonID;        ! Level-2 ID
BETWEEN = att4;            ! Observed ONLY level-2 predictors
WITHIN = time timesq;      ! Observed ONLY level-1 predictors
LAGGED = risky(1) mon3(1); ! Create Mplus lag-1 variables

ANALYSIS:  TYPE = TWOLEVEL RANDOM; ESTIMATOR = BAYES; BITERATIONS = 50000;
ANALYSIS:  TECH8; ! Used to examine convergence
MODEL: ! R = risky behavior, M = monitoring
%WITHIN%
risky mon3 (Rresvar Mresvar); ! L1 R: Residual variances (labels)
Rlin | risky ON time;          ! Placeholder for R linear age slope
Rquad | risky ON timesq;       ! Placeholder for R quadratic age slope
Mlin | mon3 ON time;           ! Placeholder for M linear age slope
risky WITH mon3 (ResCov);      ! L1 WP covariance for concurrent M->R
risky^ ON mon3^1 (MRLagEff);   ! L1 WP fixed effect of ^residual lagged M->R
mon3^ ON risky^1 (RMLagEff);   ! L1 WP fixed effect of ^residual lagged R->M

%BETWEEN%
[risky mon3 Rlin Rquad Mlin]; ! Fixed intercepts, slopes
risky mon3 (Rintvar Mintvar); ! L2 G: Random intercept variances (labels)
Rlin Mlin (Rlinvar Mlinvar); ! L2 G: Random linear age slope variances
risky Rlin ON att4 (XtoYint XtoYlin); ! Att-> R int, linear age slope
mon3 Mlin ON att4 (XtoMint XtoMlin); ! Att-> M int, linear age slope
! L2 G: covariances for random intercepts and slopes across outcomes
risky Rlin mon3 Mlin WITH risky Rlin mon3 Mlin;
Rquad@0; ! No quadratic age slope variance

MODEL CONSTRAINT:
NEW(ResCor MR2RRsd RR2MRsd);
! Corr = Cov / (SQRT(Yvar)*SQRT(Xvar))
ResCor = ResCov / (SQRT(8.3538)*SQRT(0.08077));
! STD = Unstd * SQRT(Xvar) / SQRT(Yvar)
MR2RRsd = MRLagEff * SQRT(0.08077) / SQRT(8.3538); ! STD M->R lagged effect
RR2MRsd = RMLagEff * SQRT(8.3538) / SQRT(0.08077); ! STD R->M lagged effect

```

Note that this Model 3a is not fully equivalent to the SEM version—it constrains the level-1 residual variances and same-occasion covariance to be equal over time (even though the age 12 versions are unpredicted).

3a SEM via ML and its lagged effects

	Estimate	S.E.	Est./S.E.	Two-Tailed P-Value	
RESCOR	0.363	0.031	11.624	0.000	*
MR2RRSD	-0.025	0.037	-0.681	0.496	
RR2MRSD	0.077	0.037	2.083	0.037	*

3a MLM via Bayes and their residual lagged effects

	Estimate	Posterior S.D.	One-Tailed P-Value	Significance
New/Additional Parameters				
RESCOR	0.369	0.037	0.000	*
MR2RRSD	-0.017	0.037	0.303	
RR2MRSD	0.081	0.036	0.013	*

Activity: Try the following sequential model modifications of Model 3a in both the SEM and MLM syntax versions of Mplus

1. Change the concurrent level-1 covariance to become a fixed slope for risky → monitoring and remove the level-1 lagged effect of monitoring → risky. What impact does this have on the lagged effect of monitoring → risky?
2. Fit a random slope for the concurrent effect of risky → monitoring and its covariances with the other random effects. What conclusions can you draw?